



Pozvánka na přednášku v rámci přednáškového cyklu

Renesance a novověk II

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Two Croatian Renaissance Philosophers: Georgius Benignus and Fredericus Chrysogonus

Georgius Benignus (Juraj Dragišić, Srebrenica 1445-1520, Barlette), gray friar, philosopher and theologian, lived in Zadar, Rome, Bologna, Florence, Padova, Ferrara, Dubrovnik, Roma, Paris and Oxford. He is known for his defenses: *Defensorium Bessarionis* (1472, in manuscript), *Propheticae solutiones pro Hieronymo Savonarola* (Florence, 1497), *Apologeticum Francisci Mariae de Ruvere Urbini ducis adgressionis in Papiensem cardinalem* (before 1511 in manuscript) and *Defensio praestantissimi viri Ioannis Reuchlin* (Cologne, 1517). Among his the most important and influential belong *Dialectica nova secundum mentem doctoris subtilis et Beati Thomae Aquinatis aliorumque realistarum*, (Florence, 1488), *Mirabilia LXXVII* (Florence, 1489), *De natura coelestium spirituum quos angelos vocamus* (Florence, 1499) and *Artis dialecticae paecepta* (Rome, 1520).

Fredericus Grisogonus (Zadar, 1472-1538), philosopher, astronomer, physician, mathematician and physicist is among others (commentaries on Euclid's *Elements*) well known as an author of a theory of tides (*De modo collegandi, pronosticandi et curandi febres, nec non de humana felicitate ac denique de fluxu et refluxu maris* (Venice, 1528), containing a theory of measuring tides.

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